

Capital University of Economics and Business Overseas Chinese College Course Syllabus

2021 Fall (Sep, 6, 2021 – Jan, 14th, 2022)
Computer Networking
MIS225
□ General Education (Required) □ General Education (Elective)
☑ Professional Course (Required) □ Professional Course (Elective)
Basic Disciplinary Course
3
48
Fundamental of Computer Science
Prof. Amy Ru
Office: C217
Tele: (010)83951082
Email: ruchangjun@cueb.edu.cn
Mon.: 8:00-10:00, Tue.: 11:00-12:00, Wed.: 13:30-15:30, Fri.: 8:00-9:00
Mon.: 18:00-20:00, Tue.: 13:30-15:30
2019 ACCA1&2
Mon. 13:30-15:20/5#111 & Wed. 11:10-12:00/5#204

Kurose & Ross, Computer Networking A top-down approach, 7th edition; ISBN: 9780134312804

Reference Book

Computer Networks, fifth Edition by Andrew S. Tanenbaum and David J. F Wetherall The textbook and reference book mainly cover the knowledge that instructor introduced in the class, but not limited to these books, students should have the ability to search and expose to the resources to support study.

Course Description

The purpose is a further study the network part of introduction to computer technology and providing a meaningful foundation for Web Design and Programming. The main content includes networking architecture and working principle of TCP/IP protocol stack. Students will be capable of systematically analyze reliable data transfer in networking. Students develop their lifelong skills and values via application of networking knowledge and capability. Students will extend daily internet applications including website/e-mail/video to specific protocols. Students develop their operation ability in capturing packets. Students strengthen their planning ability via designing and allocating IP addresses for subnets and hosts in enterprise.

Student Learning Objectives

After learning this course, students will be able to:

Knowledge:

• Explain the network terminology (protocol stack, host, delay, packet, route, DNS, ISP, Dos)

- Identify five layers in internet protocol stack;
- Summarize the popular protocols in application layers;
- Understand working principles behind transport layer services (multiplexing, reliable data transfer)
- Describe working principles behind network layer services (forwarding versus routing)

Capability:

- Contrast the two mode of application structure: client/server models VS peer to peer models;
- Compare the packet switching with packet switching (effectiveness, way of using resource);
- Choose proper transport protocols for different applications such as website, e-mail, video conferencing;
- Analyze TCP Congestion Control (slow start, congestion avoidance, fast recovery);
- Recommend a security plan to protect computer networking from attacking;
- Develop an allocation plan according enterprise's requirements (number of departments, number of employees in each department, subnets, hosts);
- Conduct effective professional communication skills in computer networking area

Mindset:

- Establish the objectivity in computer networking workplace
- Develop systematical and logical mind through learning protocol stack
- Apply critical thinking in the process of capturing and analyzing packets

Website Source

https://wps.pearsoned.com/ecs_kurose_compnetw_6/216/55463/14198700.cw/index.html

Teaching Methods

This course contains lectures, poster (internet applications), group discussions (5 layers), brainstorming(protocol), group work (Wireshark Labs: HTTP, TCP), Role Play (multiplexing), class debate (circuit VS packet switching), homework, quizzes, presentation and exams. Textbook content will be introduced first. Then real case and practice questions will be delivered to students as a way to test their understanding of the knowledge. This will require individual or group assignment in class.

Grade Criterion

Component	Weight	Description
		A cumulative final examination will be given based on all of the contents
		of the class. The exam paper may be composed of multiple-choice
Final Exam	20%	questions, short answer questions, essay questions and practice problems.
		Students should rely primarily on homework assignments to give them a
		sense of what they may see for material on exams.
		A cumulative midterm test will be given based on all of the contents that
	20%	have been taught in class. The test paper may be mainly composed of
Mid-Term Test		multiple-choice questions and it should be completed within 60 minutes
		in class.
		Most of the assigned homework is taken from the Exercises in the
TT 1	10%	textbook. Assignments will be collected at the clearly stated date. Late
Homework		assignments will not be accepted. The graded assignments will be kept
		by the tutor for reference and won't be returned to students.



	10%	There will be at least 2 quizzes during the semester. Quizzes may or may	
		not be announced in advance. It may also be used as a way to check the	
Quizzes		attendance. Quizzes will test your knowledge of both concepts and the	
		application of those concepts.	
		1. 25%: Contents (relevance, depth, quality, ideological and political	
		element, practical business value)	
		2. 25%: Presentation Skill (logical, expressive, appealing, degree of	
Durantatian	20%	reading from manuscripts or slides, preparation and attitude)	
Presentation		3. 10%: Time management and Teamwork	
		4. 10%: participation (make notes & comments for all groups)	
		5. 10%: PPT making skill (Visually helpful)	
		6. 10%: English fluency	
		Individuals will be asked to participate individually in a question and	
Participation	10%	answer at least 5 times during the semester. The performances should be	
		counted in their participation.	
Attendance	10%	Refer to attendance policy listed below	
Total	100%		

Detailed Grade Computation

	Before Midterm	After Midterm
Attendance	5%	5%
Participation	5%	5%
Homework	5%	5%
Quizzes	5%	5%
Presentation		20%
Midterm test	20% (5% of critical thinking)	
Final exam		20% (5% of critical thinking)
Total	40%	60%

Grading Policy

A+ 97-100	A 93-96	A- 90–92	B+ 87-89	B 83-86	B- 80-82
C+ 75-79	С 70-74	C- 67–69	D+ 63–66	D 62-60	F 0- 59

Exam Schedule

Midterm Test: $1^{st} - 5^{th}$ November Final Exam: $5^{th} - 14^{th}$ January

Assessment of Student Performance

FSelf-Study and Reading ability Practice

Instructor will give out the chapters or the reference books to read and use class hours to have discussion; students should be able to show a proactive attitude and ability for self-study and reading. Knowledge and oral English will be elements of homework or presentation score.

Homework

Students should finish their homework by themselves. Copying from others will be treated as cheating and



the homework scores will be lowered. Students should hand in all assignments on time. Late assignments will be accepted at the discretion of the instructor (i.e., when the student was ill or had an excused absence). Late assignments without reasonable proof will be reduced in score by 50%.

𝕶 Attendance

Because the course covers a great deal of material, attending every class session is very important for performing well.

- Being late for 15 minutes or more is considered an absence.
- Five hours or above of unexcused absences will result in the lower level of the final grade by one grade band (e.g. from C to D +). Any excused absence must be discussed directly with the teacher.
- Absence which is more than 1/3 of the total teaching hours will cause an F (a failing grade) directly. but students are welcome to continue attending classes.
- An incomplete grade (I) will be considered in case of medical or family emergencies.

Tarticipation

- Students should participate in classes actively. Half of participation grade is determined by their presentation in class. They are encouraged to ask questions relevant to the subject and express their own opinions. Every student should respect the ideas, opinions, and questions of their classmates.
- Students should also use office hours to ask questions or talk with the instructor for good communication and effective learning.
- Frequent visiting the instructor and chatting in English during office hours is highly recommended.
- Any misbehavior and non-class related activities in class will result in the lower level of the participation grade, including ringing cell phones.
- All above behaviors will be solely evaluated by the instructor for scoring.

👁 Textbook

Students are supposed to bring the textbook to class.

Week	Date	Topics	Homework	
		Course Introduction and Syllabus	- Read Chapter 1.1-1.3 Computer	
		• Introduce the textbook and how to read it	Networks and the Internet	
	Sen. 6	Course Overview	Ideological and political	
		• 1.1 What Is the Internet?	education: Huawei 5G, China fiber	
			• 1.2 The Network Edge	penetration: world's number one
1		• 1.3 The Network Core	- Ake student to look for Network	
		✓ Packet-switching	Core examples, and show up on	
	Sep, 8	✓ Store and forward	paper	
		✓ Queueing delay, loss	- Comparison of Packet-switching	
		✓ Network-core functions	and Circuit switching	
		✓ Circuit switching	- Read Chapter 1.3	
		✓ Network of networks		

Topical Course Outline



Sep, 13		 1.4 Delay, Loss, and Throughput in Packet- Switched Networks ✓ Four sources of packet delay ✓ Packet loss ✓ Throughput Wireshark Lab: Getting Started 	- Read Chapter 1.4 and Chapter 1.5 - Will cars arrive to 2nd booth before all cars serviced at first booth?
2 S	Sep, 15	 1.5 Protocol Layers and Their Service Models Why layering? Internet protocol stack ISO/OSI reference model Encapsulation 	 Benefits of layers Protocol examples of each layers Unit of each layer Responsivity of each layer List 3 different protocols that appear in the protocol column
	Sep, 20	Mid-Autumn Festival	
3	Sep, 22	 1.6 Networks Under Attack Virus, worm, spyware malware, botnet DDoS 1.7 History Summary of chapter1 Wireshark Lab: Getting Started 	Ideological and political education Networking security technology - Review Chapter 1 - Preview Chapter 2
4	Sep, 27	 2.1 Principles of Network Applications Popular application-level protocols Some network apps CS, P2P architecture Sockets, Addressing processes App-layer protocol 2.2 The Web and HTTP web page consists of objects request, response general format Cookie proxy server Wireshark Labs: HTTP The Basic HTTP GET/response interaction 	 example port numbers Is HTTP "stateless" Benefits of cookie proxy server FTP port number What is time difference between HTTP GET, HTTP OK? How many data-containing TCP segments were needed to carry the single HTTP response and the text of the Bill of Rights?
Sep,	Sep, 29	 The HTTP CONDITIONAL GET/response interaction Retrieving Long Documents HTML Documents with Embedded Objects HTTP Authentication 	- HTTP version - IF-MODIFIED-SINCE
5	Oct, 4	National Day	
	Oct, 6	National Day	
6	Oct, 11	 2.3 Electronic Mail in the Internet Three major components Sample SMTP interaction Mail access protocols 	- Preview Chapter2.3
	Oct, 13	Wireshark Labs: HTTP, DNS	- Revise the report
7	Oct, 18	Wireshark Labs: HTTP, DNS	- Revise the report
	Oct, 20	Wireshark Labs: UDP, TCP	- Preview Chapter2.4
8	Oct, 25	 2.4 DNS—The Internet's Directory Service DNS services DNS: a distributed, hierarchical database DNS name resolution example 	Why not centralize DNS?Preview Chapter 3 The NetworkLayer



		✓ DNS record, protocol, messages	
	Oct, 27	• Quiz	
	Nov, 1	Mid-Term Test	
9	Nov, 3	Mid-Term Test Feedback	
	Nov, 8	 Chapter 3 Transport Layer 3.1 Introduction and Transport-Layer Services ✓ Transport vs. network layer ✓ Household analogy 3.2 Multiplexing and Demultiplexing Household analogy 	Read Chapter 3 Transport Layer - how many fields there are in the UDP header
10		How demultiplexing works 3.3 Connectionless Transport: LIDP	Idealogical and political
	Nov, 10	 ✓ UDP: segment header ✓ UDP checksum ✓ Internet checksum 	education Reliable? How can be a trust worthy man? sincerity and honesty
11	Nov, 15	 3.5 Connection-Oriented Transport: TCP TCP segment structure EstimatedRTT TCP reliable data transfer Retransmission Flow control Connection Management Wireshark Lab: TCP 	first 6 segments TCP SYN, SYNACK HTTP POST
	Nov, 17	• Wireshark Lab: TCP	buffer space
	Nov, 22	Wireshark Lab: TCP	throughput
12	Nov, 24	Wireshark Lab: TCP	TCP congestion control in action
	Nov, 29	 4.1 Introduction ✓ Two key network-layer functions ✓ Interplay between routing and forwarding ✓ Network service model 4.2 What's inside a router ✓ Head-of-the-Line (HOL) blocking 	 three functions of network layer routing vs forwarding
13	Dec, 1	 4.3 The Internet Protocol (IP) ✓ IPv4, IPv6 ✓ network address translation ✓ datagram format ✓ IP addressing ✓ fragmentation 	
14	Dec, 6	 Subnets exercises (subnets, network address & broadcast address) 	
	Dec, 8	 Solution to Subnets exercises (subnets, network address & broadcast address), Review/Q&A 	IP addressing assigns an address to 223.10.198.250/29, the network address
15	Dec, 13	Presentation	Grade for each group
	Dec, 15	Presentation	Ideological and political
16	Dec, 20	Presentation Presentation	education: How do you understand Socialism with Chinese Characteristics? How to find way which is suitable to China?
17	Dec, 27	 5.2 routing protocols 	



	Dec, 29	✓ Dijkstra's algorithm: example	Self-study for chapter5
10	Jan, 3	Review	
18	Jan, 5	Final Examination	
Jan, 10 Final Examination			
19	Jan, 12	Final Examination	

Note: Some chapters or sections may leave for self-study, this is the students' duty to learn and understand, they may also be included in the quizzes or exams. A review in Chinese may be held during L.C. and O.H. in the semester.

Teacher's Office Hour

- The instructor's office hour is shown in the front of the office door.
- Students are suggested to use the instructor's office hour and learning center to ask questions or talk with the instructor once at least per week for good communication and effective learning, which is recorded in the students' participation.
- The time can be scheduled by instructors or students, or both.

Cheating and Plagiarism

Cheating is not tolerated. Any student caught cheating on a quiz; test or exam will be given a mark of zero (0) for the particular work. At the beginning of the semester the definition of plagiarism will be carefully explained, when any thoughts or writings of another person are used, they must be clearly identified (usually one uses quotation marks) and the source notes. If any student is caught cheating on any homework assignment, the highest score the student can earn in that course is a "C".

Important Dates

Sep.5	Registration (Sophomores, Juniors and Seniors)
Sep.6	Classes Begin (Sophomores, Juniors and Seniors)
Sep.10	Last Day to Drop or Add a Course (Sophomores, Juniors and Seniors)
Sep.18	Registration (Freshmen)
Sep.20-24	Entrance Education (Freshmen)
Sep.21	Mid-Autumn Festival
Sep.27	Classes Begin (Freshmen)
Oct.1	National Day
Nov.1–5	Midterm Test (tentative)
Jan.1, 2022	New Year's Day
Jan.1-4	Revision (Sophomores, Juniors and Seniors)
Jan.5-14	Final Exam Period (Sophomores, Juniors and Seniors)
Jan.10-14	Final Exam Period (Freshmen)
Jan.17	Winter Vacation Begins

Note: This syllabus is tentative and may be changed or modified throughout the semester. All students will be notified and a new syllabus will be given.

Instructor: <u>Changjun Ru</u>

Department Head: <u>Jingning Li</u>