

Capital University of Economics and Business

Overseas Chinese College

Course Syllabus

<u>Year and Semester</u>	2022 Spring (February 28,2022-July 17,2022)
<u>Course Name</u>	Statistics
<u>Course Code</u>	MAT331
<u>Course Type</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> General Education (Required) <input type="checkbox"/> General Education (Elective) <input type="checkbox"/> Professional Course (Required) <input type="checkbox"/> Professional Course (Elective) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Basic Disciplinary Course
<u>Course Credits</u>	3
<u>Course Hours</u>	48
<u>Prerequisites</u>	Calculus, Linear Algebra, and Probability & Statistics
<u>Instructor</u>	Prof. Emily Chen
<u>Contact Information</u>	Office: C203 Tele: (010)8395 1085 Email: arzel@163.com
<u>Office Hour</u>	M: 13:30-14:15, T: 15:25-17:00, W: 08:00-09:35, F: 13:30-14:15
<u>Learning Centre</u>	T: 18:00-20:00 W: 9:55-11:30
<u>Grade</u>	2019ACCA1, 2019ACCA2
<u>Course Time/Place</u>	2019ACCA1: T: 9:55-12:20 / B309 2019ACCA2; F: 9:55-12:20 / B309

Textbook

David R. Anderson, Dennis J. Sweeney, Thomas A. Williams, *STATISTICS FOR BUSINESS AND ECONOMICS; 13e*, Thomason Learning, ISBN:.978-7-111-57327-2

Reference Book

- M. R. Spiegel. *Schaum's outline of theory and problems of probability and statistics. Schaum's outline series*. McGraw-Hill, New York, 1975.
- L. Blank. *Statistical procedures for engineering, management, and science*. McGraw Hill, New York, 1980.
- K. Subrahmaniam. *A primer in probability, volume III of Statistics: textbooks and monographs*. Marcel Dekker, New York, second edition, 1990.
- W. Feller. *An introduction to probability theory and its applications. Wiley series in probability and mathematical statistics*. Wiley, New York, third edition, 1967-1968.
- N. C. Giri. *Introduction to probability and statistics (in two parts), volume 7 of Statistics: textbooks and monographs*. Marcel Dekker, New York, 1974.
- Y. G. Sinay. *Probability theory, an introductory course*. Springer-Verlag, Berlin; New York, 1992.
- David Salsburg. *The Lady Tasting Tea: How Statistics Revolutionized Science in the Twentieth Century*. Holt McDougal, 2002.

Course Description

Statistic theory is an applications-oriented, basic disciplinary course for students majored in information system management and business management. The main content is an introduction to mathematical statistics that emphasizes the probabilistic foundations required to understand probability models and statistical methods, topics covered will include confidence interval, hypotheses testing, analysis of variance, linear regression and applications in management. Students will not only develop skills of data analysis and ability of data-driven decision making, but also scientific thinking which are all indispensable for future study and professions.

Student Learning Objectives

After completing this course, students will be able to:

Knowledge:

- describe sampling process;
- estimate unknown parameters, including population mean, proportion and variance;
- identify situations of application of hypothesis testing procedures, including hypothesis testing about population mean, proportion and variance, and goodness fit;
- explain the concept of experiment design and the method of ANOVA;
- describe and interpret regression models;

Capability:

- analyze data using descriptive and inferential statistics;
- develop ability of data-driven decision making by statistical methods, including hypothesis testing, experimental design, and regression models;
- construct the scientific thinking and mindset, include systematic thinking, logic thinking, critical thinking and strategic thinking;

Value:

- develop the quality and morals of being objective, integrity and dedication;
- criticize the world with statistical philosophical view;
- enhance national identity and pride.

Website Source

- Statistics & Probability: <http://42explore.com/statistics.htm>
- Charles M. Grinstead and J. Laurie Snell's textbook Introduction to Probability: http://www.dartmouth.edu/~chance/teaching_aids/books_articles/probability_book/book.html, an on-line textbook on probability and statistics.

- The Chance Website: <http://www.dartmouth.edu/~chance/index.html>

The goal of Chance is to make students more informed, critical readers of current news stories that use probability and statistics.

- Math Archives. Probability: <http://archives.math.utk.edu/topics/probability.html>. Statistics: <http://archives.math.utk.edu/topics/statistics.html>
- The Probability Web: <http://www.mathcs.carleton.edu/probweb/probweb.html>

Teaching Methods

This course consists of lectures, discussions, group projects, assignments, individual presentations and online activities. Students must be prepared to finish some small questions and small quiz during the class on cloud class application.

Grade Criterion

Component	Weight	Description
Final Exam	20%	A cumulative final examination will be given based on all of the contents of the class. The exam paper may be composed of multiple-choice questions, short answer questions, essay questions, problems, preparation of financial statements and a summary of gains from a particular course. Students should rely primarily on homework assignments to give them a sense of what they may see for material on exams.
Mid-Term Test	20%	A cumulative midterm test will be given based on all of the contents that have been taught in class. The test paper may be mainly composed of multiple-choice questions and it should be completed within 15 minutes in class.
Homework	15%	Most of the assigned homework is taken from the Exercises in the textbook. Assignments will be collected at the clearly stated date. Late assignments will not be accepted. The graded assignments will be kept by the tutor for reference and won't be returned to students.
Quizzes	15%	There will be at least 2 quizzes during the semester. Quizzes may or may not be announced in advance. It may also be used as a way to check the attendance. Quizzes will test your knowledge of both concepts and the application of those concepts.
Presentation	10%	The students will be divided into several groups to prepare a presentation. Each student is required to be involved in the presentation. The topics can be selected from the textbook or lectures. Each group need to finish a PPT related to the topic which is given and hand in the related resources to the teacher before the presentation.
Participation	10%	Individuals will be asked to participate individually in a question and answer at least 5 times during the semester. The performances should be counted in their participation.
Attendance	10%	Refer to attendance policy listed below
Total	100%	

Presentation Topics (Selective):

Key Points	Projects
Hypothesis testing of two population parameters	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Determine whether attending Student Union and other communities is an influential factor of GPA Explore whether the mean GPA differs by gender Discuss whether the supporting proportion of two stars (actor, actress or sports stars) is different in our campus CUEB Determine whether the preference of two games differs by gender
Hypothesis testing of population variance	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Determine whether the variations of GPA in two classes are the same. Discuss whether the variations of mean month spending differ by gender.

Other Hypothesis Testing	7. Investigate whether the marketing shares of HuaWei, Iphone and Vivo are the same in CUEB. 8. Discuss whether the amount of drinking water per day, amount of money spending per day, rate of pulse, length of time playing video games, etc. are normally distributed.
Experiment design	9. Investigate whether the length of time playing video games differs by grade. 10. Discuss whether the learning attitude differs by grade.
Linear regression	11. Find the influential factor of students' GPA in CUEB.

Evaluation criterion for presentations

Component	Description & Requirement
Content (50%)	Your presentation must start with a delivery of key conclusions and recommendations. It is not a recapitulation of your entire analysis. The subsequent parts of your presentation should clearly lead the audience to understand how you arrived at your conclusions and recommendations.
Coherence (10%)	You have a clearly developed message that flows naturally from your presentation. The transitions are smooth. The presentation is succinct and not choppy.
Organization (10%)	Follow the format provided in the outline. Introduce your team and the agenda you will follow. Provide handouts to the audience prior to beginning your presentation. Indicate when you would like to take questions.
Creativity (10%)	Require the use of Power Point, you can add originality to the presentation to capture and hold the audience's attention. You can also go too far in your creativity. If your presentation uses annoying or distracting sounds, for example, it negatively impacts on creativity.
Speaking skills (15%)	The criteria include: poise, clear articulation, proper volume, steady rate, good posture, eye contact, enthusiasm, and confidence. The speakers do not read (e.g., note cards, read the overhead transparencies).
Timeliness (5%)	You have 5-7 minutes to make your presentation. This is the typical amount of time that you can expect before a group of senior managers.

Detailed Grade Computation

	Before Midterm	After Midterm
Attendance	5%	5%
Participation	5%	5%
Homework	5%	10%
Quizzes	5%	10%
Presentation		10%
Midterm test	20%	
Final exam		20%
Total	40%	60%

Grading Policy

A+ 97-100	A 93-96	A- 90-92	B+ 87-89	B 83-86	B- 80-82
C+ 75-79	C 70-74	C- 67-69	D+ 63-66	D 62-60	F 0- 59

Exam Schedule

Midterm Test: 9th week

Final Exam: June. 20-24, 2022

Assessment of Student Performance

☞ Self-Study and Reading ability Practice

Instructor will give out the chapters or the reference books to read and use class hours to have discussion; students should be able to show a proactive attitude and ability for self-study and reading. Knowledge and oral English will be elements of homework or presentation score.

☞ Homework

Students should finish their homework by themselves. Copying from others will be treated as cheating and the homework scores will be lowered. Students should hand in all assignments on time. Late assignments will be accepted at the discretion of the instructor (i.e., when the student was ill or had an excused absence). Late assignments without reasonable proof will be reduced in score by 50%.

☞ Attendance

Because the course covers a great deal of material, attending every class session is very important for performing well.

- ◆ Being late for 15 minutes or more is considered an absence.
- ◆ Five hours or above of unexcused absences will result in the lower level of the final grade by one grade band (e.g. from C – to D +). Any excused absence must be discussed directly with the teacher.
- ◆ Absence which is more than 1/3 of the total teaching hours will cause an F (a failing grade) directly. but students are welcome to continue attending classes.
- ◆ An incomplete grade (I) will be considered in case of medical or family emergencies.

☞ Participation

- ◆ Students should participate in classes actively. Half of participation grade is determined by their presentation in class. They are encouraged to ask questions relevant to the subject and express their own opinions. Every student should respect the ideas, opinions, and questions of their classmates.
- ◆ Students should also use office hours to ask questions or talk with the instructor for good communication and effective learning.
- ◆ Frequent visiting the instructor and chatting in English during office hours is highly recommended.
- ◆ Any misbehavior and non-class related activities in class will result in the lower level of the participation grade, including ringing cell phones.
- ◆ All above behaviors will be solely evaluated by the instructor for scoring.

Topical Course Outline

Week	Date	Content	Course Education
1		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● overview 	To answer 3 questions: 1. why should we learn statistics? 2. what should we learn in statistics? 3. how to learn statistics well?

2		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● knowledge system of inferential statistics (Ch8-13) 	<p>To answer 3 questions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.what problems does it solve? -interval estimation & hypothesis testing 2.what are its research indicators? -mean, proportion and variance 3. what are its research objects? -one, two and multiple pop
3		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● interval estimation-A -about mean of one pop in Ch8 & two pop in Ch10 	<p>To answer 2 questions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.what is interval estimation? -parameter, estimator and type of estimation 2.how to do interval estimation about pop mean
4		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● interval estimation-B -about proportion of one pop in Ch8 & two pop in Ch10 -about variance of one and two pop in Ch11 	<p>To answer 2 questions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. how to do interval estimation about proportion 2.how to do interval estimation about variance
5		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● hypothesis testing -A -about mean and proportion of one pop in Ch9 	<p>To answer 2 questions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.what is basic principle of hypothesis testing 2.how to do one pop hypothesis testing -mean and proportion /Z test and T test
6		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● hypothesis testing -B -about mean and proportion of two pop in Ch10 --about variance of one and two pop in Ch11 	<p>To answer 2 questions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.how to do two pop hypothesis testing -mean and proportion /Z test and T test 2.how to do variance hypothesis testing -variance / Chi square test and F test <p>Only For ACCA2 because of Qing Ming Festival</p>
7		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● hypothesis testing -B -about mean and proportion of two pop in Ch10 --about variance of one and two pop in Ch11 (ACCA1) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● hypothesis testing -B for 2019 ACCA1 <p>To answer 2 questions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.how to do two pop hypothesis testing -mean and proportion /Z test and T test 2.how to do variance hypothesis testing -variance / Chi square test and F test <p>For ACC1: hypothesis testing -B For ACC2: Reviews of midterm test</p>
8		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Reviews and Midterm test 	Only For ACCA1 because of spring sports
9		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Midterm test 	
10		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● explanation of midterm test 	<p>For ACC2: teach by face to face For ACC1: play recorded video because of Labor Day</p>
11		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● hypothesis testing -C -about proportion of multiple pop in Ch12 (Chi square) 	<p>To answer one question:</p> <p>how to do proportion hypothesis testing of multiple pop—— Chi square test</p>

12		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● hypothesis testing – D -about mean of multiple pop in Ch13 (ANOVA) 	To answer two questions: 1.how to do experimental design -completely & randomized block design 2. how to do ANOVA - one way ANOVA multivariate ANOVA
13		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● regression analysis-A -about simple linear regression in Ch14 	To answer two questions: 1.what is the basic principle 2.how to do linear regression
14		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Reviews 	For ACC1: teach by face to face For ACC2: play recorded video because of Dragon-Boat Festival
15		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Reviews and Presentations 	
16		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Presentations 	
17		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Final examination 	

Note: Some chapters or sections may leave for self-study, this is the students' duty to learn and understand, they may also be included in the quizzes or exams.

A review in Chinese may be held during L.C. and O.H. in the semester.

Teacher's Office Hour

- ♦ The instructor's office hour is shown in the front of the office door.
- ♦ Students are suggested to use the instructor's office hour and learning center to ask questions or talk with the instructor once at least per week for good communication and effective learning, which is recorded in the students' participation.
- ♦ The time can be scheduled by instructors or students, or both.

Cheating and Plagiarism

Cheating is not tolerated. Any student caught cheating on a quiz; test or exam will be given a mark of zero (0) for the particular work. At the beginning of the semester the definition of plagiarism will be carefully explained, when any thoughts or writings of another person are used, they must be clearly identified (usually one uses quotation marks) and the source notes. **If any student is caught cheating on any homework assignment, the highest score the student can earn in that course is a "C"**

Important Dates

Spring Semester, 2021	Feb 28, 2021— July 18, 2021
Feb. 27	Registration
Feb. 28	Classes Begin
Apr. 5(6 th week)	Qing Ming Festival
Apr.22(8 th week)	Spring Sports
Apr.26 & Apr. 29 (9)	Midterm Test (tentative)
May 1(10 th week)	Labor Day
June 3(14 th week)	Dragon-Boat Festival
June 20-24	Final Exams for Sophomores and Juniors

June 27-July17	Social Practice for Sophomores and Juniors (tentative)
July 11-15	Revision and final exam period (Freshmen)
July 18	Summer Vacation Begins

Note: This syllabus is tentative and may be changed or modified throughout the semester. All students will be notified of any changes.

Instructor: Zhe Chen **Department Head:** _____

